



Fact File: Jupiter

11 The Roman Jupiter is the head of the Olympic gods and
 22 god of light and thunder. Jupiter is lord of life, having
 31 absolute power over life and death. He remains the
 40 supreme god of heaven and never appears upon earth.

50 The most celebrated temple of Jupiter is that on the
 60 Capitoline Hill in the city of Rome, where he is
 66 worshipped under the names of Jupiter-Optimus-Maximus,
 69 Capitolinus and Tarpeius.

79 The Romans represent him seated on a throne of ivory,
 90 holding in his right hand a sheaf of thunderbolts and in
 101 his left a sceptre, whilst an eagle stands beside his throne.



Questions



1. Give **two** other names for Jupiter.

- _____
- _____



2. Find **two** words or phrases which suggest that Jupiter was in charge.



3. Why does the author tell us that Jupiter **never appears upon earth**?



4. Why do you think that Roman statues represent Jupiter holding thunderbolts and a sceptre?

Fact File: Jupiter

11 The Roman Jupiter is the head of the Olympic gods and
22 god of light and thunder. Jupiter is lord of life, having
31 absolute power over life and death. He remains the
40 supreme god of heaven and never appears upon earth.

50 The most celebrated temple of Jupiter is that on the
60 Capitoline Hill in the city of Rome, where he is
66 worshipped under the names of Jupiter-Optimus-Maximus,
69 Capitolinus and Tarpeius.

79 The Romans represent him seated on a throne of ivory,
90 holding in his right hand a sheaf of thunderbolts and in
101 his left a sceptre, whilst an eagle stands beside his throne.



Answers



1. Give **two** other names for Jupiter.

Accept: Jupiter-Optimus-Maximus, Capitolinus or Tarpeius.



2. Find **two** words or phrases which suggest that Jupiter was in charge.

Accept any two of the following: head; supreme; lord; absolute power.



3. Why does the author tell us that Jupiter **never appears upon earth**?

Pupils' own responses, such as: It tells us how important Jupiter was because he was the head of the gods so he would remain in heaven to lead the other gods.



4. Why do you think that Roman statues represent Jupiter holding thunderbolts and a sceptre?

Accept an explanation that focuses on the fact that he was god of thunder and a leader so these items represented these things.